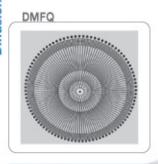
# High induction diffusers



Diffusion





# Description

DMFQ: high induction diffusers, via combination of differentiated section perforations and internal deflectors; with 596 x 596 panels

- installation height between 2.7-4 m
- · made of aluminium with RAL 9010 finish
- Plenum application
- · fastening with central screw + cover

#### Accessories

PPLIS: pyramid plenum with side entry + damper, including external insulation reaction to fire class B-s2-d0 (DN oval inlets 150/160-200-250)

PT: upper entry plenum

I: external anti-condensate insulation fire-resistance class B-s2-d0

R: equaliser

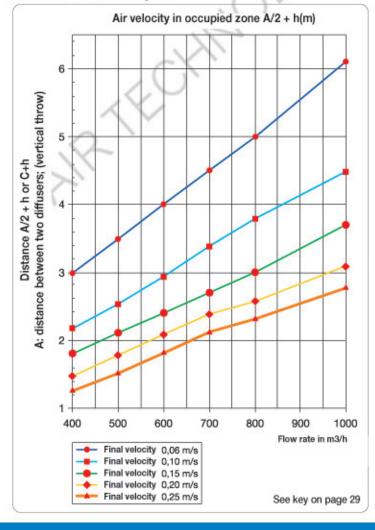
S: damper entry

# Special versions

DMFR: like DMFQ but in circular version + 30% VR: coating according to RAL 9005 / 9006 table fixed surcharge €30 + 20% per piece

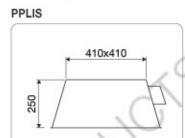
Other RAL colours on request

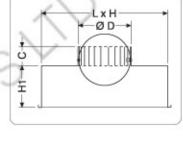
# DMFQ 600 - Selection diagram



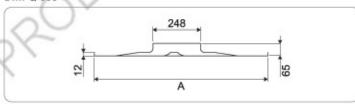
### **Dimensions**

DN	A	LxH	H1	H2	ØD	C
600	596	560x560	200	350	248	50

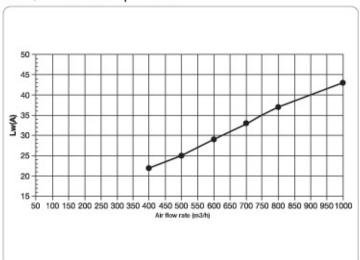




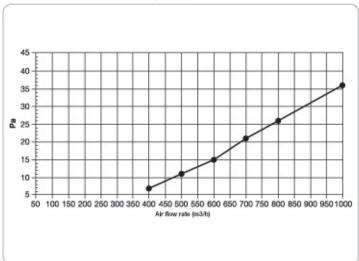
# **DMFQ 600**



# DMFQ / DMFR - Sound power level

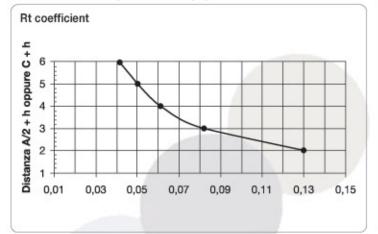


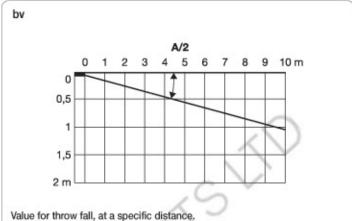
# DMFQ / DMFR - Pressure drop in Pa

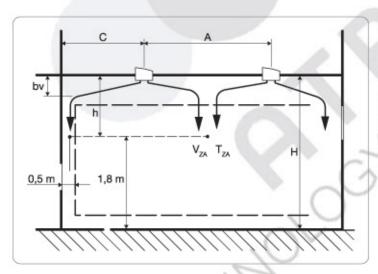


# High induction diffusers

# DMFQ / DMFR - Temperature ratio (Rt)







Kev

Throw fall (m)

Δpt: total pressure drop (Pa)

L...: sound pressure level [dB(A)]

R; ratio between the ΔtL [temperature difference between the room (project temperature) and the throw temperature at a distance A/2+h] and Δtm (temperature difference between the supply air and room)

V<sub>zA</sub>: velocity in occupied zone (m/s)

temperature in the occupied zone (°C)

bv: throw fall (m)
H: room height (m)
h: vertical throw (m)

A: distance between diffusers

c: distance between diffuser and wall

### Example

- . Room dim. 8x8xH 3 m (volume 192 m³)
- · Air flow: 2400 m3/h (exchanges 12.5)
- · Occupied zone: 1.8 m
- · Room temperature: 25°C (project)
- Supply air temperature: 15°C
- Assuming the installation of 4 diffusers Flow 2400 m³/h; 4 diffusers = 600 m²/h Distance between diffusers: A = 4 m h = H 3 m - 1.8 occupied zone = 1.2 m A/2 + h = 4/2 + 1.2 = 3.2 m
- From Diagram 1 (Selection)
   Q = 600 m<sup>3</sup>/h with A/2 + h = 3.2 m = 0.10 m/s velocity in the occupied zone
- From Diagram 2 (Noise level) with Q = 600 m<sup>3</sup>/h - L<sub>wA</sub> 28 dB(A)
- From Diagram 3 (Pressure drop) with Q = 600 m<sup>3</sup>/h - Pa 15

## Temperature ratio (Diagram 4)

We can obtain the air temperature at the end of the throw

T<sub>ZA</sub>: 25°C (room temperature)

T: 15°C (supply air temperature)

A: 4 m

h: 1.8 m

with A/2 + h = 3.2 a temperature ratio of 0.077 is obtained

with Δt -10°C (25 - 15)

the temperature ratio is then multiplied by  $\Delta t$  (0.077 x -10°C) = 0.77

to obtain the temperature at the end of the throw which will be:

Room temperature = 25°C - 0.77 = 24.23°C

# Throw fall (Diagram 5)

 With A/2: 4/2 = 2 m you obtain a fall of 0.3 m



Profiles for false ceilings

IT IS possible to produce some of our products with panel edges suitable for various types of false ceilings:

- DCRQ
- DEQ
- DQER/Q
- DMFQ
- DMUQ
- DQB4
- RSKP
- RSKO

